THE HUNTRESS.

EDUCATION *The main pillar which sustains the Temple of Liberty.*—JEFFERSON.

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THE HUNTRESS

Edited and Published every Saturday

BY

MRS. ANNE ROYALL.

At TWO DOLLARS PER ANNUM

At the corner of North B. and Second Streets

CAPITOL HILL,

WASHINGTON, CITY D C

SATURDAY JULY 10 ::::1852,

PROVIDENCE PROSPERS HONESTY.

A BEAUTIFUL STORY.

BY MRS. ST. SIMON.

A poor boy, about ten years old, entered the warehouse of the rich merchant Samuel Richter, in Dantzic, and asked the book-keeper for alms. 'You will get nothing here,' grumbled the man without raising his head from his book, 'be off.'

Weeping bitterly, the boy glided towards the door, at the moment that Herr Richter entered.

'What is the matter here?' he asked turning to the book-keeper.

'A worthless beggar boy,' was the man's answer, and he scarcely looked up from his work.

In the meantime Herr Richter glanced towards the boy, and remarked that, when close to the door, he picked up something from the ground. 'Ha! my little lad what is that you picked up?' he cried.—The weeping boy turned, and showed him a needle.

'And what will you do with it!' asked the other.

'My jacket has holes in it,' was the answer, 'I will sew up the big ones.'

Herr Richter was pleased with this reply, and still more with the boy's innocent handsome face. 'But are you not ashamed,' he said, in a kind, though serious tone—'you so young and hearty, to beg! Can you not work!'

'Ah, my dear sir,' replied the boy, 'I do not know how, and I am too little yet to thresh or fell wood. My father died three weeks ago, and my mother and my little brothers have eaten nothing these two days. Then I ran out in anguish, and begged for alms. But alas! a single pease sat only gave me yesterday a piece of bread; since then I have not eaten a morsel.'

It is quite customary for beggars by trade to contrive tales like this, and this hardens many a heart against the claims of genuine want. But this time the merchant trusted the boy's honest face. He thrust his hand into his pocket, and drew forth a piece of money, and said:

'There is half a dollar, go to the bakers and with half the money buy bread for yourself, your mother, and your brothers, but bring back the other half to me.'

The boy took the money, and ran joyfully away.

'Well,' said the surly book-keeper, 'he will laugh in his sleeve, and never come back again.'

'Who knows!' replied Herr Richter.—And as he spoke he beheld the boy returning, running with a large loaf of black bread in one hand, and some money in the other.

'There, good sir!' he cried almost breathless, 'there is the rest of the money.' Then, being very hungry, he begged a knife, to cut off a piece of the bread. The book-keeper reached him in silence his pocket knife.

The lad cut off a slice in great haste, and was about to bite upon it. But suddenly he bethought himself, laid the bread aside, and folding his hands, reherrsed a silent prayer. Then he fell to his meal with a hearty appetite.

The merchant was moved by the boy's unaffected piety. He inquired after his family and home, and learned from his simple narrative that his father had lived in a village, about four miles distant from Dantzic, where he owned a small house and farm. But his house had been burned down to the ground, and much sickness in the family had compelled him to sell his farm. He had then hired himself out to a rich neighbor but, before three weeks were at an end, he died, broken down by grief and excessive toil. And now his mother, whom sorrow had thrown upon a bed of sickness, was now with her four young children, suffering the bitterest poverty. He—the oldest—had resolved to seek for assistance, and had gone, at first, from village to village, then had struck into the high road, and at last, having begged every where in vain, had come to Dantzic.

The merchant's heart was touched. He had but one child, and the boy appeared to him as a drift at sight, which Providence had drown upon him as a test of his gratitude. 'Listen my son!' he began, 'have you then really a wish to learn?'

'Oh, yes I have indeed!' cried the boy, 'I have read the catechism already, and I should know a good deal more, but at home I had always my little brother to carry, for mother was sick in bed.'

Herr Richter suddenly formed his resolution.

'Well then,' he said, 'if you are good, and honest, and industrious, I will take care of you. You shall learn, have meat and drink, and clothing and in time earn something besides. Then you can support your mother and brothers also.'

The boy's eyes flashed with joy: But in a moment he cast them to the ground again, and said sadly, 'my mother all this while has nothing to eat.'

At this instant, as if sent by Providence an inhabitant of the boy's native village entered Herr Richter's house. This man confirmed the lad's story; and willingly consented to carry the mother tidings of her son Gottleib, and food, and a small sum of money from the merchant. At the same time Herr Richter directed his book-keeper to write a letter to the Pastor of the village, commending the widow to his care with an additional sum enclosed for the poor family, and promising further assistance.

As soon as this was done Herr Richter at once furnished the boy with decent clothes, at noon led him to his wife, whom he accurately informed of little Gottleib's story and of the plans which he had formed for him. The good woman readily promised her best assistance in the latter, and she faithfully kept her word.

During the next four years, Gottleib attended the schools of the great commercial city—then his faithful foster-father took him into his counting room, in order to educate him for business. Here as well as there, at the writing desk, as on the school bench, the ripening youth distinguished himself, by the faithful industry with which he exercised both. With all this, his heart retained its native innocence. Of his weekly allowance he sent the half regularly to his mother until she died, after having survived two of his brothers. She had passed the last year of her life, not in wealth, it is true, but by the aid of the noble Richter and her faithful son, in a condition above want.

After the death of his beloved mother there was no dear friend left to Gottleib in the world, except his benefactor. Out of love for him, he became an active, zealous merchant. He began by applying the superfluity of his allowance, which he could now dispose of at his pleasure, to a trade in Hamburg quills. When by care and prudence, he had gained over a hundred dollars, it happened that he found in his native village a considerable quantity of hemp and flax, which was very good, and still to be had at a reasonable price. He asked his foster-father to advance him two hundred dollars which the latter did with great readiness. And the business prospered so well that, in the third year of his clerkship, Gottleib had already acquired the sum of five hundred dollars. Without giving up his trade in flax, he now trafficked also in linen goods, and the two combined, made him in a couple of years, about a thousand dollars richer.

This happened during the customary five years of clerkship. At the end of this period, Gottleib continued to serve his benefactor five years more with industry, skill and fidelity; then he took the place of the book-keeper, who died about this time, and three years afterwards he was taken by Herr Richter as a partner into his business with a third part of the profits.

But it was not God's will this pleasant partnership should be of long duration. An insidious disease cast Herr Richter upon a bed of sickness, and kept him for two years confined to his couch. All that love and gratitude could suggest, Gottleib now did to repay his benefactor's kindness. Redoubling his exertions he became the soul of the whole business, and still he watched long nights at the old man's bedside, with his grieving wife, until, in the sixty-fifth year of his life, Herr Richter closed his eyes in death.

Before his decease, he placed the hand of his only daughter, a sweet girl of two and thirty years, in that of his beloved foster-son. He had long looked upon them as his children. They understood him, they loved each other, and in silence yet affectionately and earnestly, they solemnized their betrothal at the bedside of their dying father.

In the year 1828, ten years after Herr Richter's death, the house of Gottleib Bern, late Samuel Richter, was one of the most respectable in all Dantzic. It owned three large ships, employed in navigating the Baltic and North Seas, and the care of Providence seemed especially to watch over the interests of their worthy owner—for worthy he remained in his prosperity. He honored his mother-in-law like a son, and cherished her declining years with the tenderest affection until in the two and seventieth year she died in his arms.

As his own marriage proved childless, he took the eldest son of each of his two remaining brothers—now substantial farmers—into his house, and destined them to be his heirs. And in order to confirm them in their humility, he often showed the needle which had proved such a source of blessing to him, and bequeathed it as a perfect legacy to the eldest son in the family.

It is but a few years since this child of poverty, of fortune and of honest industry passed in peace from this world.

[*Catholic Pa Instructor.*

From the Boston Cultivator.

CURE FOR THE CONSUMPTION.

An officer in the British service residing in the East Indies, had been stricken with this fatal disease, and was reduced by it nearly to a skeleton. His friends looked upon him as a doomed man, and he himself had given up all hopes of long continuance of life. He was one morning crawling about his grounds and accidently went into a shed where a man had been bottling some wine, and at the moment of his master's entrance had melted some rosin to seal corks with. To the surprise of the afflicted one, his respiration became free and unobstructed, and it instantly occurred to him that the relief he experienced was produced by his having inhaled the resinious smoke. He remained better for the day, and without consulting his Doctor, repeated the experiment in his sleeping room. That night he slept soundly—a blessing he had not known for years. Twice a day for a week did he continue his experiment and with increased success. He then mentioned this affair to his medical adviser, who was equally surprised at the improvement of his patient's health, and advised him to continue his inhalation night and morning. In the space of three months his cough left him, and his appetite returned. In six months his health was so improved that he contemplated returning to his native country: he delayed doing so, however, until a year had expired. Still persisting in his new found remedy, his health was completely restored, and he was once more a sound man.

NEW FAMILY MANUAL,

OR

AN INDISPENSABLE ASSISTANT;

Being a companion for the Sister, Mother, & Wife. Containing more information for the price than any other work upon the subject. Here are the very best directions for the behavior and etiquette of Ladies and Gentlemen, Ladies' Toilette Table, directions for managing canary birds, also safe directions for the management of Children, instructions for ladies under various circumstances—a great variety of valuable recipes, forming a complete system of Family Medicine, Thus enabling each person to become his or her own physician—to which is added one of the best systems of Cookery ever published. Many of these recipes are entirely new and should be in the possession of every person in the land.

New York, published at 128 Nassau st.

GEORGE HILBUS

MUSICAL DEPOT,

South side of Pennsylvania Avenue, [one door East of 10th street,] Washington D, C,

Takes this method to inform the citizens and strangers, that he has now a complete and general assortment of Musical Instruments, and musical merchandize, consisting of Guitars of the finest tone and finish. Violins, imitations from the old masters; together with a large assortment of Accordeons, Flutinos Flutes, Fifes, Violin Bows, Banjos, Tamborines, &c.

Guitar Violin and violincello strings from the best fabrics in Italy, France and Germany.

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SUPERIOR TO ANY KNOWN REMEDY

FOR DISEASED EYES,

For Inflammation of that delicate Organ, whether acute or Chronic—for Egyptian Ophthalmia—Atony of the Optic Nerve—Granulations of the Lids—Ulceration of the Lachrymal Glands and weakness of Vision from any cause.

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TO PUBLISHERS AND BOOKSELLERS.

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SATURDAY JULY 10 ::::1852,

THE ERA—CHURCH AND STATE.

What with political conventions. The National mourning for the mighty dead! the 4th of July celebration—the great land bill, and the hot weather; we have made little progress in paying our respects to the new men here, including those good souls of Auld Lang Syne.

We have a greater number of members upon our list than ever; with appropriate spaces to take notes. If we can only get them to settle down to business and stay at home, (in their seats we mean) and honor our cards, as all gentlemen ought to do, we will take off our cap to them.

THE COTTON-PLANT AND SOUTHERN ADVERTISER.

Proposals for a paper by this name were issued in this city by C. G. Baylor, Editor, and we have seen one of the printed sheets, a most beautiful specimen of the art,—as to the subjects of which it treats we are no judge, viz: the produce of the country, tillage, &c.

Mr. Baylor is a bold writer, his style shows nerve and a vigorous mind. The paper was to have commenced in June, but we have heard that some misunderstanding occurred between the Editor and the printer, Mr. Greer,—we are sorry if it be so, for the sake of Mr Greer, a most amiable man.

COLONIZATION BOARD,

JANUARY 20, 1852.

Thirty-fifth annual report of the American Colonization Society, with the proceedings of the Board of Directors containing 52 pages.

From the report it appears the Republic is prospering. The Society however, has met with a great loss in the death of Hon. HENRY CLAY, President of the Society. Upon looking over the proceedings, we find the following statements—"During the past year the Society received $67,413 77 $57,200 of this sum was received from government, by an act of Congress. During the same year (51) 675 emigrants sailed for Liberia in that year. They have nine schools amply supplied with teachers, and are doing well on that score. We subjoin a few extracts:

"It is also evident that the free people of color in this country are becoming more and more conscious of their real position and prospects, and are beginning seriously to ponder the subject of voluntary emigration to a land in which no barriers to political exaltation exist, and no impediments to the free exercise of all the privileges of social equality—a land in which the mind can act without restraint, and in which incentives to a laudable ambition may operate without the trammeling influences of conventional rules, established by the white inhabitants of the land, and clearly recognized in every part of the country.

"We doubt not that within a few years there will be a far more extensive movement among the free colored people of the United States in favor of emigration, than has ever yet been witnessed—a movement which will doubtless be speedily and practically exhibited in the event of the successful issue of the plan for the establishment of a line of steamships to ply regularly between this country and Liberia."

THE LITERARY CASKET.

For Literary Associations, Academies, and High Schools, the Drawing room, and the Fireside.

Published Monthly, in Boston, at 25 cents a year. It has reached its 6th number.

This is a sweet little dear of a paper, both instructing and amusing, and contains a little of everything.

ABOLITIONISTS.

To the disgrace of the Western States we say it, who, more capable, more virtuous, and every way better qualified for teaching their high-souled sons and daughters, than these women who are packed off in regiments from factories of all sorts, broken down chambermaids, with men overseers. See the consequence!

With the impudence of the most incarnate tyrants and the most immeasurate perseverance; they are bent on power, if they die for it—and the better to succeed, put on a Christian cloak, and at another time an infidel, accusing the Almighty of being a negro-driver. Pretty people to teach schools. But they do not stop here not they—In uniting with their pupils in the most barefaced assurance of a Benditti, they lay their impious hands upon the sacred immunities of a sovereign State they deserve the execration of mankind.

We are led to these remarks from their exclusive assumption of power in a late Convention, in the State of Indiana. It appears the legislature of this state passed a law prohibiting colored people from entering the State. Well, as a sovereign State had she not the right to make any law for her peace and safety? They talk of freedom and free States! But hear them, and learn what 'Church and State' means.*

"State Political Anti-Slavery Convention in Indiana.

"This Convention met at Indianapolis on the 17th of May, and continued in session three days. The following are some of the resolutions adopted:

"Resolved, That the Platform adopted by the Buffalo Convention in 1848 is our Platform so far as it is applicable at the present time, and sets forth in detail our principles and measures."—ERA.

Call ye that freedom? A set of designing men—many of them renegades from the yoke of Europe, or wherever they exist, flock here and make a part of these bullying conventions. But let them speak for themselves,—

"Resolved, That these organizations, headed by ambitious and mercenary leaders, are pitted against each other in a mere scramble for place and power, and that an unqualified and barefaced submission to the behests of slavery in all things, is the indispensable and openly-avowed condition upon which their existence can be maintained.

Resolved, therefore, That these organizations are not parties, but factions, the great bane of republics; and that every lover of his country should labor by all honorable endeavors for their overthrow, not only because they are factious, but because they necessarily involve their supporters in the guilt of slave-holding, and thus become the strongholds of slavery."

The implicable monsters! Do they think the people of the whole United States are fools? or that they cannot see that these invidious men are shifting their own true character from their own shoulders upon the true friends of Liberty. This state of affairs is full of danger.

As to all the outcry about the sin of Slavery, it is nonsense: Are they answerable for the sins of others? Let them look to their own sins—many of them steeped in crime of the blackest die. Take heed, the All seeing eye is upon you.

One more out of nine resolutions—

"*Resolved*, That our party is the party of the Constitution and the Union, of Freedom and of Progress, that it is opposed in principles and aims to sectionalism, secession, and disunion, and knows no North, no South, no East, no West, but embraces with equal patriotic love the country, the whole country, one and indivisible."

Was there ever their match for lying.

* A friend of ours said to us, that he supposed all this time we were in favor of both, and so we are, but separately. Let the Church attend to itself, and the State to itself, where they are united instead of freedom they have bloodshed and tortures, without leave to worship God as they please, the people are no better off than Jews.

☞ Report says, "it is understood in the United States Senate, that we (widow of Major Wm. Royall, of the Revolution) is one of the richest women in the country." Alas! for the depravity of man! Can the Senate believe the reports of wicked men, (and women too) who reported that most of themselves got tipsy on whiskey-gin, in their seats, and had very red faces.

☞ We have been quite ill this week—scarcely able to hold a pen.

☞ NATURAL HISTORY.—We have a female cat seventeen years old in March last, and active as ever.—ED. HUNTRESS.

George, the painter, finding himself on the Boulevard, face to face with Roulie, the journalist, turned away his head, in order not to salute him. Roulie then accosted George—

'Have you any reason for not wishing to see me?' he asked.

'I frankly own that I am displeased at your proceedings respecting me,' replied the artist.

'How have I offended you?'

'I have heard that a short time since some one was praising my pictures, when you maintained with great animosity that I had not the least talent.'

'I swear to you, on my honor, that there is not one word of truth in what you have been told, and that I have never heard any one praise your pictures.'

Every vote Counts.—The moral purity of a party is to be lost sight of in the race for political success, and that party which relies exclusively upon 'eminent gravity' or any other sublimated abstraction as a peculiarity is doomed to a very sudden and inglorious fall. 'We want good praying men for our party,' said Elder Sloats, who spoke in his own street-hacked honesty, and fancied that the White House could be gained like the kingdom of heaven by the good alone. 'Yes,' said his friend Hardun, who belonged to the same party, but was of a different school of morals, 'yes, and the swearing men too, if we can get 'em—their votes count just as much.'

Rev Mr. Brownlow, editor of the Knoxville Whig, piously swears that he won't support Scott any how—and our neighbors of the Bee, likewise, stick pertinaciously to Webster. Why not unite on Stebbings, and go in for true military glory and tomato ketchup!—Carpet Bag.

Ha! ha! Three cheers for Ensign Stebbings.

From the Carpet Bag.

FOUR TIMES IN LOVE.

The first of all the girls I loved,
Perhaps you'd like to know,
I thought for months was purer than
The freshly fallen snow;
I worshipped her from April round
To Autumn's mellow brown,
She scattered up my love, and with
A tinker left the town!

The second shone into my heart
As a star shine in the sea,
Ah! such a sweet and gentle face
Was ever had but she!
I loved her madly—how I loved,
And she was warm enough,
But her I caught behind the door
A taking Julia's snuff!

Then came the third! Gods what an eye
Lock'd in upon my heart!
How every glance would make the blood
About my temples start!
With her how smoothly all went on,
Until one night alas,
We set getting rather close I found
The eye was made of glass!

The fourth? I didn't fall in love
Again so very soon—
If memory serves me, not until
About the next new moon!
This time I took it cool, and thought
All danger I could scuff—
I called on her too early once,
The wooden foot was off.

I never ventured on the fifth,—
I think I'd had my mete
Of love's delusions, tinker tools,
Glass eyes and wooden feet.
I keep my Morgan mare at Brown's,
And laugh and take my ease,
Indulge in dogs and rifles some,
And some in toasted cheese!

GUESS WHO.

How lovely is the morning hour,
When silence reigns supreme,
How quiet is the shaded bower,
How bright the silver stream.

How lovely is the noontide hour,
When Zephyr blandly blows,
And on each hill and mountain fair,
The sun in splendor glows.

How lovely is the sunset hour,
How tranquil and serene,
When upon streamlet, lake & flow'r,
There's naught but beauty seen.

How lovely is the twilight hour,
When birds have ceased their song,
How sweet to think of friends afar,
And happy days now gone.

How lovely is the midnight hour,
When all is hushed to rest,
And not a sound falls on the ear,
Save those by angels blest.

What Scott will do. Eat soup with his Abolition friends, in November.

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New York, published at 128 Nassau st.

PROSPECTUS FOR "THE GLOBE."

THE CONGRESSIONAL NEWSPAPER.

THE APPROACH OF CONGRESS calls for the renewal of my proposals and preparations to spread its debates before the public. The success which has hitherto attended this undertaking it is hoped will continue, and enable me to perpetuate the full history of the proceedings and discussions of the body on which the destiny of the Republic depends.

The adoption of Congress has given the GLOBE an official character, as the reporter of all that is said and done in the body. This sanction has been voted at every successive session for many years, and by members of all parties. The press, too, of all parties, has borne testimony to the fidelity with which the duty thus confided has been performed.

The great celerity with which the letter writers for the distant press circulate through the telegraph their hurried accounts and views of the debates of Congress, renders more important than ever the full and exact official reports of the CONGRESSIONAL GLOBE. The hasty, and in many instances ex parte, relations by telegraph of what occurs in Congress supersede, for the most part, the exact reports taken down by reporters, and which formerly, in a shape more or less abreviated, went the rounds of the press. Now the telegraph accounts, with all their imperfections and variety of colorings, take the run of the country, and no press but the official of Congress ever publishes the full debate with the proceedings of both Houses unmutilated. Indeed, no newspaper can give them, and have room for advertisements and the miscellaneous matter essential to their existence. While therefore, the telegraph administers to the eager appetite of the public for Congress news, and meets the necessities of the political press, by furnishing a rapidly-written epitome suited to the taste of its patrons, perfect information of what passes in Congress is greatly diminished. The circulation of the official reports has been, to some extent, cut off by the crude and diversified accounts which, flying along the electric wires, satisfies curiosity, and it is almost in vain that truth puts on his boots to follow. Still there are a great many men of leisure and thought who like to see what is actually said and done in Congress, and to judge for themselves, rather than to receive impressions altogether from galvanic batteries. There are others, too, who, for the sake of the future, willingly patronize a work which preserves a full record of the doings of the great moving and controlling power of the Republic.

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I have a few copies of the back volumes of the CONGRESSIONAL GLOBE and APPENDIX for sale at $5 a volume bound, which it is probable will be disposed of soon; and when they are, they will then, no doubt, command at least $10 a volume, as they cannot be reprinted for less than that sum. There are 25 back volumes.

TERMS.

For one copy of the DAILY GLOBE during the session - - - - - - - - $5 00

For one copy of the CONGRESSIONAL GLOBE during the session - - - - - - - 3 00

For one copy of the APPENDIX during the session 3 00

The money may be remitted by mail at my risk. Bank notes current where a subscriber resides will be received at par. Subscriptions should reach here by the 15th December, at furthest, to insure all the numbers.

The prices for these papers are so low that I cannot afford to credit them out; therefore no person need order them unless the money accompanies the order.

JOHN C. RIVES.

WASHINGTON CITY, October 17, 1851.

DR. M. B. MELY,

Offices and residence on the Island, between 9 and 10th, South.

PROSPECTUS FOR 1852

SATURDAY EVENING POST.

THE LEADING LITERARY WEEKLY OF THE UNION,

The proprietors of the Post think it unnecessary to dwell upon the distinguishing features of their well known weekly, whose brilliant success during an existence of thirty years is a sure guarantee for the future. We have the pleasure of announcing our renewed connection with that distinguished authoress,

OUR NOVELETS.

After the Novel now in process of publication,

VIOLA,

Or Adventures in the far south west, by Mrs. Isabella Bennett, we shall commence Emma Sumner's original novelet, written expressly for the Post, called

TRIAL AND TRIUMPH,

which will be distinguished by the peculiar characteristics of that gentleman's pen.

After these are gone through, we shall be mistaken if our readers are not again ready for a new work by Mrs. Southworth, entitled

THE CURSE OF CLIFTON.

A tale of Expiation and Redemption.

What will come in the way of fiction after these, we have not yet determined. We think the above as mentioned a sufficiently rich bill of fare for the present.'

TERMS.

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TERMS TO CLUBS.

In order to accommodate the large number who wish to take a first class paper, but unwillingly think they cannot afford it, we continue the following low terms for Clubs—to be sent, in the city, to one address, and, in the country, to one Post Office:

4 COPIES,		5 per annum
8 (And one to Agent, or getter up of the Club		10,00
13	do do	do 15.00
20	do do	do 20 00

DEACON & PETERSON, No 56 South third Street, Philadelphia.

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Letters and communications of every kind should be addressed Herald of the Union New York City.

NOTICE TO EDITORS.

☞ The Herald of the Union will be sent regularly to any Newspaper in the world which will publish the Prospectus on the first page. The editor will be grateful for any notice of the Herald of the Union which will have a tendency to increase its circulation.

TO OUR FRIENDS.

☞ It will be seen that two dollars is our subscription price, and has been the same for years. If postage, will entitle any person or club, to receive one copies for the year.

☞ Postmasters in every State are invited to act as Agents, and liberal offers are made to them which is extended to others.

☞ A few complete sets of back numbers for early applicants.

GARDEN AND FLOWER SEED

For sale Wholesale and Retail,

J. F. CALLAN'S

Drug store corner 7, 8ts.

Among which may be found the following Artichoke, Asparagus, Beans of various kinds Beets of every variety, Brussel's Sprouts, broccoli, Collards, Cabbage, many sorts, of Carrots do, do, Cauliflowers late and early Celery, white and red, Cherfil, or Salad, Corn, Salad peppergras, Cucumber late and early corn, ar ly prolific and sweet egg plant, white and purple, Endive Curled Kale all the best sorts, Melons and Cantelopes Nasturtium, okra, excellent for soups, onions white red and silver parsley, plain and curld Parsnips, large Pears very early, and late cooper squash and others Pumpkins Radishes, vegetable Oysters, spinach and Squash of every variety, turnips the finest quality, and all the onion setts &c,

---

HORN'S U. S. GAZETTE,

Containing Diagrams of various Railroads in the United States now in operation, with their extension from time to time, as they occur, to which new roads will be added as soon as put in working order hours of arrival and departure of the various trains, together with their connecting, likewise of stages, steamboats, also fare, weight and tonnage, refreshing stations, &c. &c

S. HORN,

Editor and Proprietor.

To Travellers.

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MAGNIFICENT ENGRAVINGS,

such as have never been offered by any newspaper in the world. They will comprise the following subjects, engraved in the highest style of the art—the store price of the largest being Five Dollars per copy.

	Size.
Surrender at Yorktown,	24 by 34 inches.
Apotheosis of Washington,	20 " 26 "
Nagle's Henry Clay,	17 " 22 "
M'Donough's Victory,	20 " 26 "
United S. & Macedonian,	20 " 26 "

☞ The person subscribing or furnishing the club may select to suit himself.

☞ The Premiums will be subject to order—or, if we are desired to mail them, the postage must be furnished in advance, viz.: 25 cents under 300 miles, and 50 cents if over that distance.

THE PREMIUM TERMS,

The splendid Premiums will be offered and awarded by the following code of terms, to persons subscribing and paying in advance, for the year 1852, or for the New Volume XXII., commencing March, 1852,

One copy American Courier and one Premium,	$2
Three copies " " "	5
Six copies " " "	10
Ten copies " " "	15
Fifteen copies " " "	20
Twenty copies " " "	25

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All orders must be addressed post paid to

AND R. W. M'MAKIN,

No. 141 Chesnut Street, Philadelphia.

THE SCHOOLMATE, a Monthly Reader for School and Home Instruction of Youth A. B. Popham, editor. Published by Geo. Savage, Countryman, 28 John st. New York. Terms per annum, One Dollar, in advance, single copies, 10 cents.

THE CHRISTIAN STATESMAN

A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER,

Devoted to African Colonization and Civilization, to Literature and General Intelligence.

The undersigned propose to publish in the city of Washington a weekly newspaper bearing the above title, and dedicated to a sound morality in politics, to the Union of the States, to the cause of African colonization and civilization, and to all topics of a high and general interest to their country and mankind. They will endeavor to impress upon the people and Governments of the United States and of the several States the importance of colonizing in Africa, with their own consent, the free people of color of this country, and such as may become free. They will communicate to the public all important information they may obtain in regard to the geography, exploration, resources, commerce, and population of Africa; the state of the slave trade, and the measures best adapted for its suppression; and will enforce the duty of union among all christian denominations in effort to diffuse the knowledge of our form of liberty, and Christianity among the barbarous people of that continent.

They will aim to render the journal an instructive and useful Family Newspaper, and to secure for its columns, as the public favor shall enable them, contributions, literary and scientific, of decided merit.

The Christian Statesman will be of the size of the Home Journal or National Era, and exceed in size the Intelligencer of the Union of this city and with but few advertisements, will be nearly filled with matter designed to be of interest to its readers.

It will be printed with new type, on fine white paper, and in mechanical execution be equal to the best newspapers in the country.

TERMS.

The Christian Statesman will be two dollars a year, payable in advance.

Single copy for six months	1 00
Three copies for a year	5 00
Six copies for one year	10 00
Twenty copies for one year	30 00
Twenty copies for six months	15 00

R. R. GURLEY.

D. R. GOODLOE.

THE ATLAS

PUBLISHED BY

Ely Harrick & Rogers,

EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS,

No 111 Nassau street,

between Beekman and Ann st

TERMS.—To Mail subscribers, Two Dollars per annum, invariable in advance. No paper is continued longer than paid for nor is any paper sent from this office before it is paid for. In order to afford the paper at the extremely low price which we do, a strict adherence to this rule is absolutely necessary.

Subscribers in this city, Harlem, Williamsburg, Brooklyn, Jersey city and Staten Island are served by regular carriers at one shilling per month, or three cents per copy.

To do, paid within three months $1.50

If paid until the end of the year, $1,50

Whitney and Dunn

CARVALHO'S GALLERY

Over the ODEON, Corner of 4½ Street and Penna. avenue, and Carvalho's GALLERY of Fine arts, no. 200 Baltimore street, Baltimore.

Ladies, or gentlemen, having Pictures taken at this Establishment are not required to pay for them unless they are perfectly satisfactory.

The greatest care taken in producing correct Likenesses of Children, which by a new process, can be accomplished in two seconds of time. A private dressing Room has been provided for Ladies.

Persons in want of a classically arranged picture, are politely requested to visit this gallery. N. B. Cloudy weather the best to make Daguerreotypes of groups.

TOWNSEND' SARSPARILLA

Most extraordinary Medicine in the world

is put in quart bottles. It is six times cheaper, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. It cured disease, without vomiting, purging, sickening, or debilitating the patient.

The great beauty and superiority of this Sarsaparilla over all other remedies is, that it eradicates disease. It invigorates the body.

IT HAS PERFORMED MORE THAN 16,000 CURES THIS YEAR!

1,000 cures of Rheumatism,

1,000 cures of Dyspepsia,

2,500 cures of general debility and want of Nervousness,

50,000 Blood Complaints, and over 7,000 cures of Diseases of the blood viz:

Ulcers, scrofulous eruptions and sore pimples on the face &c. together with numerous cases of consumption liver complaints spine affections, &c. This, we are aware, must appear incredible, but we have letters from physicians and our agents from all parts of the United States informing us of extraordinary cures. R. Van Pelt Esq. one of the most respectable citizens of Newark New Jersey, informs us that he can refer to more than one hundred and fifty cases in that place alone. There are thousands of cases in the city of New York which we will refer to with pleasure, and to men of character well known.

Opinions of Physicians.

☞ The proprietor is almost daily receiving orders from physicians in different parts of the Union.

This is to certify, that we, the undersigned physicians of the city of Albany, have in numerous cases prescribed Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla and believe it to be one of the most valuable preparations of Sarsaparilla in the Market.

P H Pulling M D, R B Briggs M D, P E Linendoll M D.

Albany, April 1 1846.

The following is from one of the most respectable physicians on Long Island, viz.

☞ Greenport July 19, 1846.

Dr. Townsend—Dear Sir—It gives me a satisfaction that I have recently witnessed, in several cases the most beneficial results from your Sarsaparilla. Being engaged in the practice of medicine, I have prescribed it in several cases and never without benefit. In the removal of diseases arising from a deranged state of the digestive organs, jaundice &c. it far exceeds any thing of the kind ever offered to the public. You will please send me two dozen &c.

Respectfully yours,

C. S Preston M D.

United States Officer.

Capt G W McLean, a member of the Legislature, and late of the U. S. Navy, has kindly sent us the following certificate. It tells its own story.

Rahway Jan. 25 1847.

A year since I was taken with the influenza and my whole system left in a debilitated state. I was induced to try Dr Townsend's Sarsaparilla.

After taking two or three bottles, I was very much relieved, and attributed it entirely to the said Sarsaparilla. I have continued taking it, and improve every day. I believe it saved my life, and would not be without it under any consideration.

G. W. McLean.

Scrofula Cured.

This certificate conclusively proves that this Sarsaparilla has perfect control over the most obstinate diseases of the blood. Three persons cured in one house is unprecedented.

New York, March 1, 1847

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Drug store corner 7, Sts.

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A WEEKLY NEWSPAPER,

Devoted to African Colonization and Civilization, to Literature and General Intelligence.

The undersigned propose to publish in the city of Washington a weekly newspaper, bearing the above title, and dedicated to a sound morality in politics, to the Union of the States, to the cause of African colonization and civilization, and to all topics of a high and general Werest to their country and mankind. They will endeavor to impress upon the people and Governments of the United States and of the several States the importance of colonizing in Africa, with their own consent, the free people of color of this country, and such as may become free. They will communicate to the public all important information they may obtain in regard to the geography, exploration, resources, commerce, and population of Africa; the state of the slave trade, and the measures best adapted for its suppression; and will enforce the duty of union among all Christian denominations in efforts to diffuse the knowledge of our Saviour, liberty, and Christianity among the barbarous people of that continent.

They will aim to render the journal an instructive and useful Family Newspaper, and to secure for its columns, as the public favor shall enable them, contributions, literary and scientific, of decided merit.

The Christian Statesman will be of the size of the Home Journal or National Era, and exceed in size the Intelligencer or the Union of this city; and, with but few advertisements, will be nearly filled with matter designed to be of interest to its readers.

It will be printed with new type, on fine white paper, and in mechanical execution be equal to the best newspapers in the country.

TERMS.

The Christian Statesman will be two dollars a year, payable in advance.

Single copy for six months	1 00
Three copies for year	5 00
Six copies for one year	10 00
Twenty copies for one year	30 00
Twenty copies for six months	15 00

R. R. GURLEY.
D. R. GOODLOE.

THE ATLAS

PUBLISHED
By HARRISON & ROYES,
EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS,
No 111 Nassau streets)
between Beekman and Ann street

TERMS.—To Mail subscribers, Two Dollar per annum, invariable in advance paper is continued longer than paid nor is any paper sent from this office before it is paid for. In order to afford the paper at the extremely low price which we do, a strict adhearence to this rule is absolutely necessary.

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Dr. Townsend is almost daily receiving orders from physicians in different parts of the Union.

This is to certify that we the undersigned physicians of the city of Albany have in numerous cases prescribed Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla and believe it to be one of the most valuable preparations Sarsaparilla in the Market

P H Pulling M D. R B Briggs M D, P E Elmendorf M D.

Albany, April 1 1845.

The following is from one of the most respectable physicians on Long Island,

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Dr. Townsend—Dear Sir—It is with satisfaction that I have recently witnessed. in several cases the most benefical results from your extract of Sarsaparilla. Being engaged in the practice of medicine, I have prescribed it in several cases and never without benefit In the removal of diseases arising from a deranged state of the digestive organs, jaundice &c. it far exceeds anything of the kind ever offered to the public. You will please send me two dozen &c,

Respectfully yours,
C. S Preston M D.

United States Officer.

Capt. G W McLean, member of the Legislature, and late of the U. S. Navy, has kindly sent us the following certificate. It tells its own story.

Rahway Jan. 25 1847.

A year since I was taken with the influenza and my whole system left in a debilitated state. I was induced to try Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla.

After taking two or three bottles, I was very much relieved, and attributed it enurely to the said Sarsaparilla. I have continued taking it, and improve every day. I believe it saved my life, and would not be without it under any consideration.

G. W. McLEAN.

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This certificate conclusively proves that the Sarsaparilla has perfect control over the most obscinate diseases of the blood. Three cases cured in one house is unprecedented.

New York, March 1, 1847